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DTS Support

SLICE systems and SLICEWare are designed to be reliable and simple to operate. Should you need assistance, DTS has support engineers worldwide with extensive product knowledge and test experience to help via telephone, e-mail or on-site visits.

The best way to contact a DTS support engineer is to submit a request through the DTS Help Center web portal (support.dtsweb.com/registration). You must be registered (support.dtsweb.com/registration) to submit a request (https://support.dtsweb.com/hc/en-us/requests/new). Registration also enables access to additional self-help resources and non-public support information.

This manual supports the following products:

10920-03002: SLICEWare Software for SLICE PRO/MICRO+/NANO+/G5 Systems 10920-03010: SLICEWare Software for SLICE PRO/SLICE 2 Systems (retired)

Introducing SLICEWare

The SLICEWare software application allows for easy:

- Test set-up,
- Sensor database management,
- Real-time sensor check-out,
- Test execution.
- Data download and viewing,
- Data export.

A SLICE API (Application Programming Interface) driver is also available.

Please contact <u>support.dtsweb.com</u> for the latest update to your software.

1 Installation

This section covers software installation and use. See Appendices A, B and C for additional information regarding file formats and how to update the SLICE Base firmware.

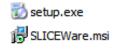
1.1 Basic Requirements

SLICEWare is a Windows®-based program. Minimum PC specifications are:

- Windows Vista, Windows 7, Windows 8 or Windows 10. 32- and 64-bit versions are supported.
- 1 GHz or faster processor
- 2 GB RAM minimum. More RAM is important for longer/higher sample rate data acquisition.
- 100 MB disk space for software plus storage for test data.
- 1024 x 768 minimum screen resolution.

1.2 Software Installation

Locate the installation files on the CD or flash drive provided.



Double-click the "set-up.exe" file to begin installation.



Click for each of the screens: set-up wizard, driver installation, installation folder and confirming installation.

You must allow the driver to be installed. You may see these screens:

For Windows Vista or Windows 7, click to "Install this driver software anyway."

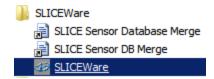


For Windows 8 and Windows 10, check "Always trust software from "Diversified Technical Systems, Inc." and click "Install".



Note: Windows will ask you to reinstall the hardware driver each time you connect the SLICE Stack to a different USB port.

To start SLICEWare, either double-click the SLICEWare icon on the desktop or navigate to the SLICEWare folder in the Start menu:

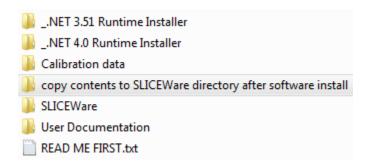


1.3 XML Files: Configuration and Sensor Information

Upon installation, SLICEWare will install a default configuration XML file with system operating parameters and other functional variables. This file is updated as you configure the software to your specific environment.

Sensor information is recorded in a separate XML file. This file is updated as you add your sensor database to the software.

In some cases, you may be provided one or more XML files that you will need to copy to your SLICEWare directory. These files will overwrite the existing files.



If you install SLICEWare on another PC, be sure to copy your revised XML files from the old PC to the new PC.

2 Data Collection Concepts

SLICE is a standalone data logger. Once it is armed, the PC can be disconnected if desired. (Power must remain connected, however.) After receiving a Start Record or trigger signal, the SLICE autonomously collects data, storing it to flash memory with no user interaction. After the test, the user can reconnect the PC to download the data.

SLICEWare also includes a real-time mode that allows the user to check channel inputs on an oscilloscope-style screen. Depending on hardware and firmware version, real-time data can be logged to Comma Separated Value (CSV) files.

2.1 Data Collection Modes

SLICE supports two data collection modes: Circular Buffer and Recorder. *Note: SLICEWare cannot simultaneously display the data while the system is recording.*

2.1.1 Circular Buffer Mode

In Circular Buffer mode, the user can program SLICE to record pre- and post-trigger data. Time Zero (T=0) is marked when the trigger signal is received.

2.1.2 Recorder Mode

Recorder mode starts when a Start Record signal is received and continues for the time specified in the test set-up. If a trigger signal is received sometime after the Start Record, this is marked as T=0.

2.1.3 Hybrid Recorder Mode

Hybrid Recorder mode starts when a Start Record signal is received and continues until the unit receives a trigger signal and then records for the post-trigger time specified by the host software. The trigger signal marks the T=0 point and all data recorded is available for download. *Note: This mode is not available in SLICE PRO Gen2 hardware.*

2.1.4 Continuous Recorder Mode

Continuous Recorder mode starts when a Start Record signal is received and continues until the Start Record signal is released. The unit will then rearm for another event. The LEDs on the unit will flash blue slowly then rapidly, and then the STATUS LED will become solid blue, indicating the unit is fully armed. The unit will continue to record new events until it records the number of events specified by the host software. If a trigger signal is received after the unit has re-armed, the unit will disarm and no longer attempt to re-arm. *Note: This mode is not available in SLICE PRO Gen2 hardware.*

2.2 Multiple-Event Modes

Generally, SLICE data collection modes have an equivalent multi-event mode. A unit armed in a multiple-event mode will re-arm when an event completes. The

unit will stop re-arming when the number of events specified by the host software has been recorded.

NOTE:

A trigger or event signal applied anywhere in the DAS chain is distributed throughout the system. This is also true for level trigger.

2.3 Level Trigger

Level trigger will initiate data collection or mark T=0 when a predetermined sensor threshold is exceeded. The DAS will monitor the data values in real-time, simultaneously recording data and exporting a trigger or event signal when the value has exceeded the pre-set threshold. Level trigger is typically used with Circular Buffer mode.

CAUTION:

DTS does not recommend using level trigger for destructive testing.

Allow ample time for sensors to warm up before performing the calibration. Even after warm-up, sensors will drift from the zero level. Depending on the scaling, an accelerometer could drift anywhere from 2 to 100 g. Setting a level trigger value too close to zero will cause the DAS to trigger as the sensor drifts and before the operator intended. It is better to set a known, good trigger level of 30-50% of full-scale and set a pre-trigger time so data is collected from 0-30%. If a pre-trigger time is not set, data collection will begin only when the trigger signal is received.

2.4 Auto-Arm Data Collection

SLICE can be placed in an auto-arm mode that will cause the unit to arm automatically when the power is cycled. The unit can be placed into this mode and record with any data collection mode.

2.5 Sampling Rates

SLICE MICRO/NANO and SLICE PRO support different sampling rates. Regardless of hardware, SLICE systems will record all channels even if they are not programmed.

	Maximum Sampling Rate (per channel)			
Number of Channels*	SLICE MICRO/ NANO Base	SLICE MICRO/ NANO Base+	SLICE PRO SIM (Gen2/Gen3)	
3	120,000 sps	500,000 sps	1,000,000 sps	
6	60,000 sps	400,000 sps	1,000,000 sps	
9	40,000 sps	300,000 sps	1,000,000 sps	
12	30,000 sps	200,000 sps	500,000 sps	
15	24,000 sps	200,000 sps	500,000 sps	
18	20,000 sps	200,000 sps	500,000 sps	
21	17,000 sps	200,000 sps		
24	15,000 sps	200,000 sps		

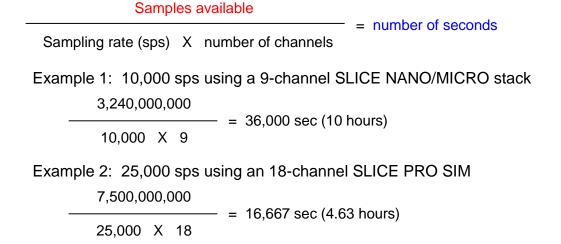
^{*} All channels are recorded even if they are not programmed.

2.5.1 How to Calculate Maximum Recording Time SLICE MICRO/NANO and SLICE PRO have different data storage capacities.

	SLICE MICRO/ NANO Base	SLICE MICRO/ NANO Base+	SLICE PRO SIM (Gen2/Gen3)
Data Capacity	6.48 GB	15 GB	15 GB
Samples Available*	3,240,000,000	7,500,000,000	7,500,000,000

^{* 1} sample = 2 bytes

To determine the recording time possible, use the equation below:



2.5.2 SLICE PRO Circular Buffer Limitations

Due to the nature of flash memory, the system cannot be armed in Circular Buffer mode indefinitely. To determine the maximum time available in Circular Buffer mode, use the equation below:

0.8 * recording time = maximum time available in Circular Buffer mode

Example:

0.8 * 8,333 sec = 6,666 sec (111 minutes)

In this example, the test must occur within 111 minutes, after which time the unit stops recording data.

3 Tab Menus

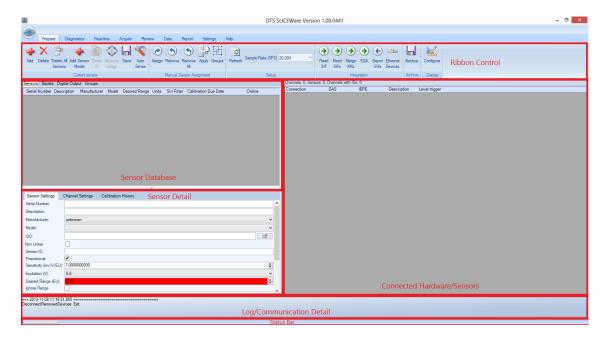
SLICEWare's user interface is organized into separate panels which can be selected by clicking on a tab in a ribbon at the top of the application. This section describes the functionality and use of each tab.

3.1 Prepare Tab

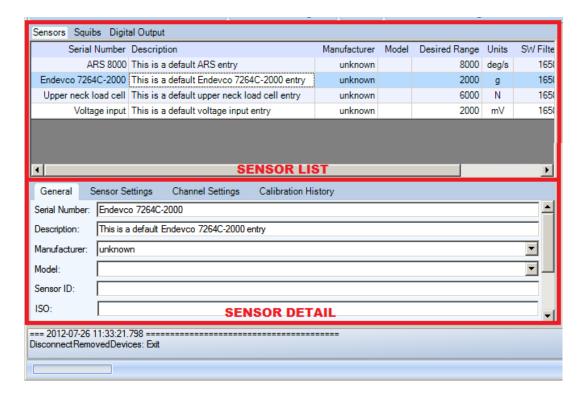


This tab identifies the relationship between available sensors and attached SLICE units. Sensor information can be added, removed, viewed, edited or assigned to channels on connected data acquisition hardware.

The image below highlights the different screen areas. The red boxes and text are used in this manual only (not visible in actual software).



Click anywhere on a line in the Sensor List to show the Sensor Details for that sensor.



Ribbon Control Groups



Current Sensor

- Add: Will add a blank Sensor Details field to all for creating a new sensor entry.
- Delete: Deletes the sensor that is highlighted in the sensor list.
- Delete All Sensors: Deletes all sensors from the database.
- Add Sensor Model: Adds a new sensor template.
- Read ID: Reads the EID from the channel selected in the Connected Sensor list. The returned ID value will be populated in the Sensor ID field for the sensor that is highlighted in the sensor list. Both a hardware channel and a sensor must be selected.
- Measure Bridge: Measures a sensors bridge resistance from the channel selected in the Connected Sensor list. The returned bridge resistance will be populated in the Bridge resistance (ohms) field for the sensor that is highlighted in the sensor list.
- Save: Saves edits made in the Sensor Detail area into the sensor database.

 Auto Sense: Allows hardware to automatically detect whether attached channels are IEPE or Analog bridge types. Currently only SLICE PRO hardware supports this command.

Manual Sensor Assignment

The user can manually assign and remove sensors that do not have an EID. The user cannot unassign or overwrite an auto-assigned channel.

- **Assign:** After highlighting a sensor in the list and highlighting an unassigned channel in the Connected Sensors area, use this to assign the sensor.
- Remove: Remove the highlighted channel in the Connected Sensors area.
- Remove All: Removes all sensors from Connected Sensors area.
- Apply: Commits the sensor set-up information to SLICE hardware.
- **Groups:** Imports arrangements of sensors from Equipment Exchange (EQX) and allows assigning a block of sensors as a group.

Note: SLICEWare expects a sensor with an ID specified will only be used on a hardware channel with the same ID. If a sensor has an ID and the hardware does not or it has a different ID, the sensor settings will not be applied to the channel.

Set-up

- **Refresh:** The sensor IDs are read when the software is started or when a SLICE is rebooted. If sensor connections are switched, choosing refresh will read the connected IDs on the current channels.
- Sample Rate (SPS): Locks in a target sample rate for diagnostics and data collection.

Integration

- Read SIF: This button imports and merges a sensor information file (SIF) from an existing DTS TDAS Control installation into the current SLICEWare sensor database. IR-TRACC and non-linear sensor files are not currently supported.
- Read SIFs: This button imports and merges multiple SIFs from an existing DTS TDAS Control installation into the current SLICEWare sensor database.
- Merge XML: This button imports and merges a SLICEWare sensor database file into the current SLICEWare sensor database.
- **EQX:** This button imports sensors from an Equipment Exchange (EQX) file into the current SLICEWare sensor database.
- **Export SIFs:** This button exports the current SLICEWare sensor database to SIFs in a folder selected by the user. IR-TRACC, non-linear sensors, and IEPE sensors are not supported in SIF export.
- **Ethernet Devices:** This button allows the user to connect to a SLICE Distributor or TDAS hardware by entering the hardware's IP.

Archive

 Backup: This button will back up the current SLICEWare settings and database files to a location specified by the user.

Display

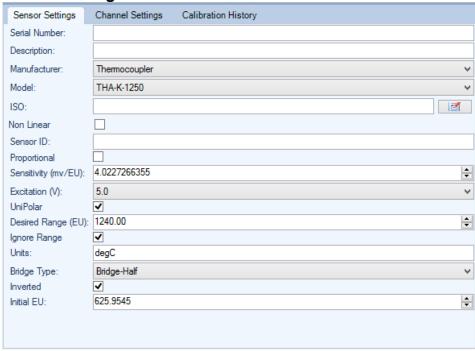
 Configure: This button allows the user to selectively change the layout of the Sensor Grid and Channel List.

3.1.1 Sensor Details



This section covers sensor settings, channel settings and calibration history in the Prepare tab.

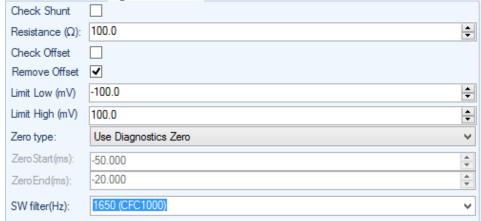
Sensor Settings



- **Serial Number:** Used to identify the sensor. Can be any unique identifier. The sensor list is sorted by default with the serial number.
- Description: Used as a secondary identifier of the sensor. The Description is displayed as the sensor identifier by default in the connected sensors section.
- Manufacturer: Use to select the sensor manufacturer. This list is populated by the Model.SensorDB.xml file.
- **Model:** Use to select the sensor model. This list is populated by the Model.SensorDB.xml file.
- **ISO:** Used to specify an ISO code for a sensor.
- **Non Linear:** Used to indicate a sensor is not linear and will use an IR-TRACC, thermocouple, or polynomial equation.

- Sensor ID: Enter or "READ ID" to populate.
- Proportional: Used to indicate sensor output is proportional to excitation.
- **Sensitivity:** Sets the calibrated sensitivity for linear sensors.
 - When Proportional to Excitation is checked, this value is the calibrated sensitivity in mV/V/EU.
 - When Proportional to Excitation is not checked, this value is the calibrated sensitivity in mV/EU.
- **Excitation:** Voltage applied to the bridge during measurements. Support for voltages other than 5 V are hardware and firmware dependent.
- **Unipolar:** Controls the behavior of range in diagnostics. When calculating "actual range" in diagnostics, unipolar sensors will double the calculated range since they are expected to range from 0 to y rather than –y to y.
- Desired Range (EU): Maximum expected value in engineering units the system needs to record for the sensor.
- **Ignore Range:** Allows SLICE PRO hardware to use the full input range of the channel. This may cause distortion (if more than 500 mV of input range is needed at 1M sps or 1200 mV at 500,000 sps) and is only recommended for sensors that can manage their own cut-off frequency.
- Units: Engineering units for the sensor.
- **Bridge Type:** Indicates the bridge completion type for the sensor. Also used to indicate a sensor is uses the "Integrated Electronics Piezoelectric" (IEPE) standard.
- **Inverted:** Indicates output from the sensor should be inverted before converting to engineering units.
- Initial EU: Used to indicate the engineering units that should be offset by a constant value to account for the starting point or value of the sensor.

Channel Settings



- **Shunt Check:** Perform a shunt check (verify sensor impedance and signal path from sensor to analog-to-digital converter). Requires that bridge resistance is specified to some degree of accuracy.
- Bridge Resistance: Specifies the expected amount of resistance measured when the sensor is properly connected.
- Check Offset: Measure the average output during diagnostics and compare against a low/high values for the expected offset.
- **Limit Low:** Minimum expected output for the sensor at idle in mV.
- Limit High: Maximum expected output for the sensor at idle in mV.

NOTE:

Sensor output (mV) is read during diagnostics. A very high reading can indicate a broken or unattached sensor. Additionally, sensor limits may need to be adjusted for specific sensors or test conditions.

- Remove Offset: Attempt to zero measured offsets during diagnostics.
 This option is not available to all types of sensors, notably non-linear sensors are not allowed to remove initial offsets.
- **Zero Type:** The type of post-download software zeroing to perform before displaying engineering units.
 - Use Diagnostics Zero: The Zero Measured Output (ZMO) of the sensor during Diagnostics will be used to set the EU zero of the downloaded data.
 - Average Over Time: Used in conjunction with ZeroStart and ZeroEnd, the average EU value during the Start and End window will be used to zero the collected data. The Zero Start/End window must be set to data that will be collected. If using a negative time, then the Acquire tab must include this window.
 - Absolute Zero: For SLICE hardware, the actual recorded input will not be adjusted or compensated for zero level. This setting can be used to show the actual mV offset. An example may be to record a logic level signal and see the actual on/off state. For TDAS hardware, a calibrated signal of 0 mV is directly injected and measured to be removed via software later.
- **Zero Start:** Used to indicate (relative to T=0 or event trigger) where averaging should begin (when using average over time).
- **Zero End:** Used to indicate (relative to T=0) where averaging should end (when using average over time).
- **SW Filter (Hz):** Choose the frequency of a software filter to be applied to the data when viewing. This only affects the viewed data as all data stored will be as collected with the hardware anti-alias filter.

Calibration History



This table is automatically updated whenever a new sensitivity is applied to the sensor attributes.

3.1.2 Hardware Channel List

The hardware channel list displays if a hardware channel has been set up for a sensor, and if there is a level trigger on the channel.

Connect SLICE ...

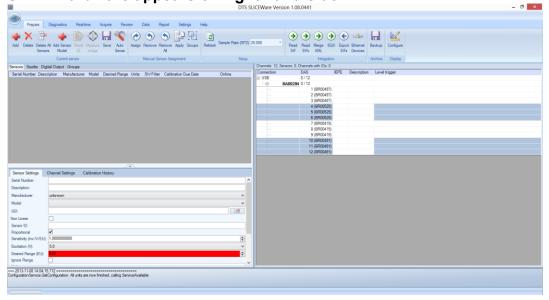
Connect the USB and power up the SLICE system...

DIS SLICEWare Version 1280.0441

Proper Dusyodics Real firm Acazem Person Data Report Setring Help

Add Dates Dates M Add Semine Float Manus Serve Add Assign Person Person Refor Report Person Reform Report Dates Report Service Based Report Units Stripe B

SLICE hardware appears on right hand side ...



3.1.3 Sample Rate



- The sample rate dropdown selects a target sample rate in samples per second (sps) for data collection and diagnostics.
- The sample rate has implications on the maximum useable input voltage bandwidth and hardware anti-aliasing filtering, so the sample rate is set prior to diagnostics. Contact DTS Technical Support for more details on the trade-offs between gain and bandwidth.
- When the sample rate is set, SLICEWare will automatically configure the hardware for the maximum number of channels available at the sample rate. (See section 2.5 for information on sampling rates and recording times.)

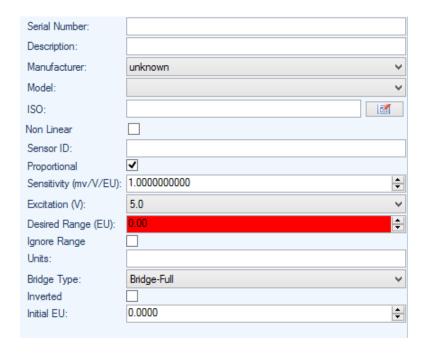
3.1.4 Ignore Range

SLICE hardware can restrict the bandwidth of data signals through the use of hardware anti-aliasing. Ordinarily this is handled automatically, however the Ignore Range setting in Sensor Settings can change this behavior.

 By default, the hardware anti-aliasing filter (AAF) is configured to 1/5 of the sample rate. For SLICE PRO Gen2 hardware, the hardware AAF has implications on the maximum usable input range. The table below details the AAF and input ranges for the SLICE PRO Gen2 SIM.

Sample Rate	Hardware AAF	Minimum Range	Maximum Range
≤500,000 sps	45,000 Hz	±1.95 mV	±2500 mV
1,000,000 sps	200,000 Hz	±15.6 mV	±500 mV

 Some sensors should be configured to ignore the input range available at the current hardware AAF. This lets the unit continue to use the full input range for data collection.

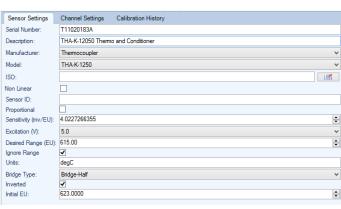


3.1.5 Adding a Texense THA-K-1250 Thermocouple Adapter

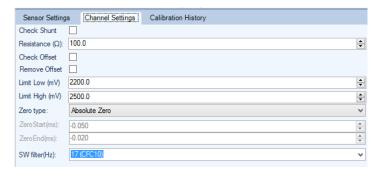
1. On the PREPARE tab, click the "Add" button in the "Current Sensor" button group.



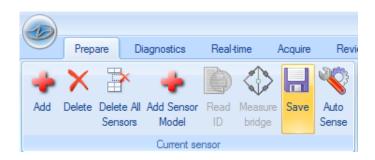
2. Select "Texense" as manufacturer and "THA-K-1250" as model.



3. Adjust sensor offset tolerances to account for your test conditions. (The information below will help in setting these values.)



4. Enter a serial number and description, then press "Save" in the "Current Sensor" button group.



THA-K-1250 Offset Tolerances

As a method of checking sensor status, SLICEWare performs some sensor output measurements during diagnostics (see Section 3.2.3 Initial Offset). The Limit Low (mV) and Limit High (mV) settings can be used check that sensor output values are in a valid and expected range. Expected electrical output can be calculated using temperatures in °C.

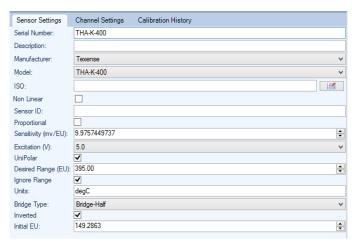
Initial EU = 625.9545 (can be found in Sensor Settings) Sensitivity = 4.0227266355 (can be found in Sensor Settings) mV = (Initial EU – °C) * Sensitivity (625.9545 – 24) * 4.0227266355 = 2421.5 mV

The default THA-K-1250 offset tolerance is set for between 4°C and 80°C.

- 3.1.6 Adding a Texense THA-K-400 Thermocouple Adapter
 - 1. On the PREPARE tab, click the "Add" button in the "Current Sensor" button group.



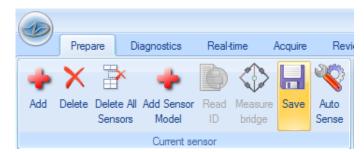
2. Select "Texense" as manufacturer and "THA-K-400" as model.



3. Adjust sensor offset tolerances to account for your test conditions. (The information below will help in setting these values.)



4. Enter a serial number and description, then press "Save" in the "Current Sensor" button group.



THA-K-400 Offset Tolerances

As a method of checking sensor status, SLICEWare performs some sensor output measurements during diagnostics (see section 3.2.3). The Limit Low (mV) and Limit High (mV) settings can be used check that sensor output values are in a valid and expected range. Expected electrical output can be calculated using temperatures in °C.

Initial EU = 149.2863 (can be found in Sensor Settings) Sensitivity = 9.9757449737 (can be found in Sensor Settings) $mV = (Initial EU - ^{\circ}C) * Sensitivity$ (149.2863 - 24) * 9.9757449737 = 1249.8 mV

The default THA-K-400 offset tolerance is set for between 4°C and 80°C.

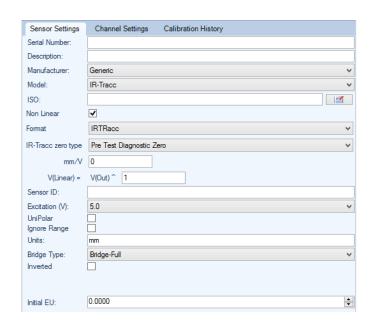
3.1.7 Adding an IR-TRACC

SLICEWare includes support for IR-TRACC devices. It collects readings in raw non-linear format. SLICEWare linearizes and scales the data using equations provided by the device manufacturer.

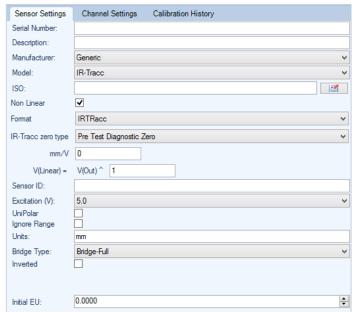
1. On the PREPARE tab, click the "Add" button in the "Current Sensor" button group.



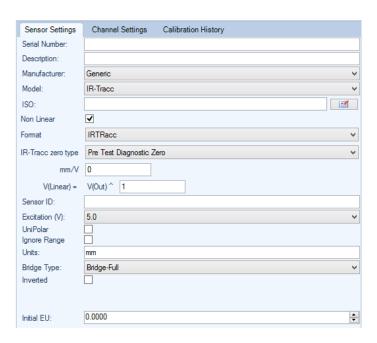
2. Select "Generic" as manufacturer and "IR-TRACC" as model.



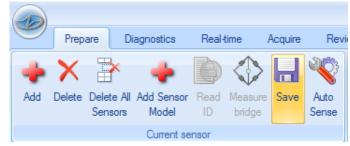
3. Select the IR-TRACC zero type. This setting controls the format the behavior of scaling of data. (The information below will help in setting these values.)



4. Enter mm/V and the linearization exponent as appropriate for the selected IR-TRACC zero type.



5. Enter in a serial number and description, then press "Save" in the "Current Sensor" button group.



IR-TRACC Zero Types: The IR-TRACC zero types are different ways that the IR-TRACC output can be specified and controlled.

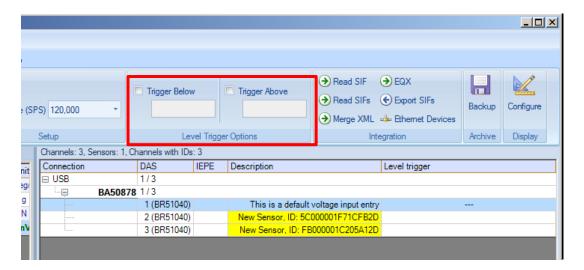
- Manual: This setting can be used to specify an equation in the form
 of y = mx + b where y is linearized voltage, x is units of
 measurement, and b is an offset. This setting can be used with any
 software zeroing method.
- Pre-Test Diagnostic Zero: This setting uses mm/V as provided from a cal sheet. Selecting this type will change the default software zeroing method to "Pre-Test Diagnostic", meaning that EU data will be zeroed using the output of the device during diagnostics.
- mV for 0MM: This setting allows the user to specify a specific mV value for the sensor at 0MM. This information is typically taken from a cal sheet table listing mV values for different MM measurements. This setting by default uses "absolute zero" software zeroing, meaning the output will be actual calculated EU.
- Average Over Time Zero: This setting uses mm/V scaling from a cal sheet. By default, this method sets the software zero method to average over time, and average over time should always be used

with this IR-TRACC zero type. EU data will be zeroed using the averaging window specified in the sensor channel settings.

3.1.8 Level Trigger Options

A hardware channel with an assigned sensor must be selected to enable level trigger functionality.

Level trigger conditions can be set on multiple channels for a single test. Threshold values can be an upper bound, a lower bound, or both. (The DAS monitors raw data; any post-processing may appear to alter the trigger value.)



Click on the check box next to "Trigger Above" and/or "Trigger Below" and enter the desired number. (Level trigger is specified in EU.) Click "Save" to record the changes.

CAUTION:

DTS does not recommend using level trigger for destructive testing.

The SLICE MICRO/NANO Base has level trigger limitations as shown in the table below.

SLICE MICRO/NANO Base Level Trigger Limitations

Sample Rate (sps)	Maximum Number of Channels for Both Comparisons	Maximum Number of Channels for One Comparison	Number of Bridge SLICEs in Stack
120,000	0	1	1
100,000	2	3	1
60,000	3	6	2
50,000	6	6	2
40,000	6	9	3
20,000	15	18	6
15,000	15	24	8
12,500	24	24	8
10,000	24	24	8

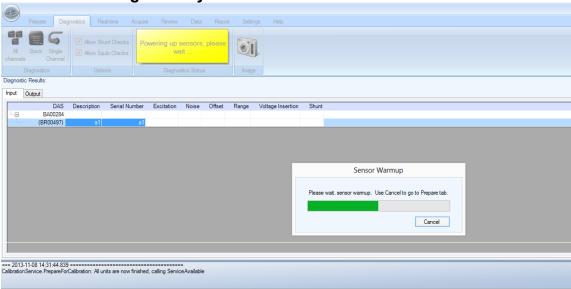
SLICE MICRO/NANO Base+ and SLICE PRO do not have these limitations.

3.2 Diagnostics Tab

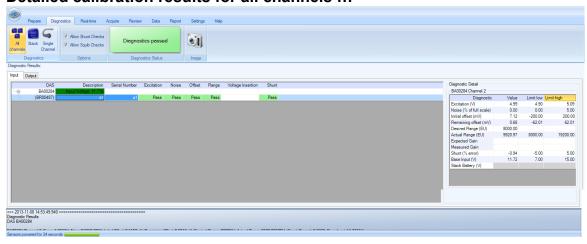


This tab ensures that the connected hardware is operating normally. Hardware diagnostics include checks for battery level, excitation voltage, noise and expected offset.

SLICEWare configures any connected channels ...



Detailed calibration results for all channels ...



3.2.1 Excitation

Displays expected and measured excitation. It is possible to change the low and high thresholds for excitation.

3.2.2 Noise (% of Full Scale)

Displays channel noise as a percentage of the available input range. In SLICE 1.0, a 100 sample data collection is performed at 20,000 sps and a gain of 1. The resulting standard deviation is then divided by analog data count (ADC) range available to record (16 bits for SLICE and SLICE PRO). SLICE PRO performs the same test at the set desired data collection rate for 400 samples.

3.2.3 Initial Offset

Displays the initial offset of a channel in mV. In SLICE 1.0 hardware, a 100 sample data collection is performed at 1000 sps and averaged. The value is compared against a high and low threshold for the channel which is obtained from the corresponding sensor setting on the channel. The same test is performed in SLICE PRO hardware at the desired data collection rate for 100 ms or 5000 samples (whichever comes first). The primary purpose of the initial offset test is identifying broken and incorrectly attached sensors.

If a sensor does not have "Check Offset" selected, an offset result will not be displayed in the broad diagnostic details table.

3.2.4 Remaining Offset

This fields displays the remaining offset after any offset removal has been performed by SLICE hardware. Offset removal is performed when "Remove Offset" is selected for a sensor. SLICE will adjust its digital-to-analog converter to try to minimize the analog data counts for the current input.

3.2.5 Desired Range (EU)

Displays the desired range in engineering units for the channel. This information comes from the sensor settings applied to the channel.

3.2.6 Actual Range

Displays the actual range in EU for the channel. This value is a combination of sensitivity, gain, and input range of the hardware. The high and low thresholds for the value can be adjusted using the config file, but are a percentage of the desired range.

3.2.7 Base Input

Displays voltage of the measured input of the DAS. The high and low thresholds for input voltage are contained in the config file, default values are 7 V and 15 V.

3.2.8 Stack Battery

Displays the measured voltage of any attached DAS batteries. The high and low thresholds for battery voltage are contained in the config file, with default values being 8 V and 9 V. Note that there are separate values for high and low during data collection.

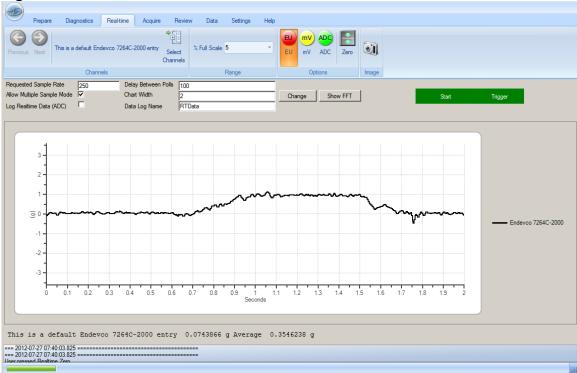
- 3.2.9 Output
 - Displays the results from any squib channels, if present.
- 3.2.10 Diagnostics Ribbon Group
 - * All Channels: Runs data collection on all channels for all DAS.
 - * Stack: Runs data collection on all channels for the selected DAS.
 - * Single Channel: Runs data collection for the currently selected channel.

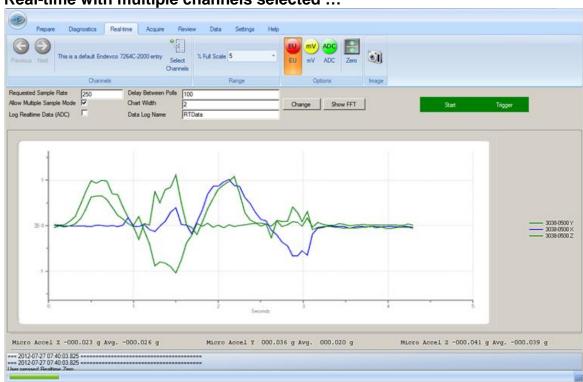
3.3 Real-time Tab



Real-time mode collects readings at a reduced sample rate so the data can be viewed simultaneously. This allows for checking polarity and scaling of channels interactively. It is possible to go directly from the Prepare tab to the Real-time tab, but offset removal, excitation warm-up, and some channel initialization may be skipped when bypassing diagnostics.

1 g roll test ...





Real-time with multiple channels selected ...

3.3.1 Requested Sample Rate

The default rate at which to collect data. This can sometimes be adjusted to provide for better real-time operation. The maximum and minimum possible sample rates are hardware and firmware dependent. You must press "Change" for any changes to be applied.

3.3.2 Delay between Polls

The delay in ms between calls to units for samples. Any attached devices collect data at an independent rate, however the data must be polled from the devices. This setting controls how frequently the units are polled. Increasing the value can make some systems more responsive, but also increases the chance of dropped data between the polls. You must press "Change" for any changes to be applied.

3.3.3 Smoothed

Controls the graphing mode. When selected, lines are drawn directly from one sample data point to the next. When unselected, the data is stepped from each data point to the next.

3.3.4 Allow Multiple Sample Mode

Controls whether the units will report multiple samples at once or not. Support for this option is hardware and firmware dependent. You must press "Change" for any changes to be applied.

3.3.5 Chart Width

Controls the width of the chart in seconds. You must press "Change" for any changes to be applied.

3.3.6 Log Real-time Data

Controls whether samples are logged while in real-time mode. Data is appended to a CSV file in a real-time directory under the Data directory.

3.3.7 Fast Fourier Transformation (FFT)

Turns on a fast Fourier transformation to aid in signal noise or signal characteristics.

3.3.8 Start/Trigger

Displays start and trigger line status. This can be used to ensure the trigger and start lines are properly connected, however support for these checks are hardware and firmware dependent.

3.4 Acquire Tab



This tab configures and controls the data acquisition process. The user enters the test name, description, recording mode, pre- and post-trigger times and then prepares the system for data acquisition with the arm command. After the test is completed, the user can use the download command to view the data. *Note:* Some recording modes are hardware and firmware dependent.

It is possible to control some of the behavior of the Acquire tab in the Settings tab. Notably, it is possible to control whether data is automatically viewed after downloading, whether data is automatically downloaded after a test completes, and what download method to use.

Enter pre- and post-trigger times, etc. ... Prepare Diagnostics Real-time Acquire Review Data Report Settings Help Arm Addo- Monitor Start Tiggor Addo- Download Connord all ROI Download Connord

System armed ...



System triggered and acquiring data ...

Note: SLICEWare cannot simultaneously display the data while the system is recording.



Downloading data ...



3.4.1 Test ID

This field controls the test ID and will be stored in the test configuration. Note that it is possible to change the test ID at any time in order to download data to an alternate test directory without changing the test configuration on the hardware.

3.4.2 Notes

Any optional notes to store with the test.

3.4.3 Maximum Events

Controls the maximum number of events to collect when using multiple event collection modes.

3.4.4 Download All

Downloads the entire test from all attached units. In circular buffer mode, this means downloading from pre-trigger seconds to the trigger sample, and then to post-trigger seconds after the trigger. In recorder modes, this means downloading from 0 to post-trigger seconds.

3.4.5 Download Region of Interest

The Download Region of Interest (ROI) button allows selection of either user-specified or segmented modes.

User-specified: SLICEWare will download from ROI Begin Time (sec) to ROI End Time (sec) (trigger sample is time 0). If the beginning and ending times are not in range, they will be automatically adjusted.

Segmented: This download method splits the test into a number of segments, each being a specific length in time. The ROI Segment Length (sec) is used to control the segment length.

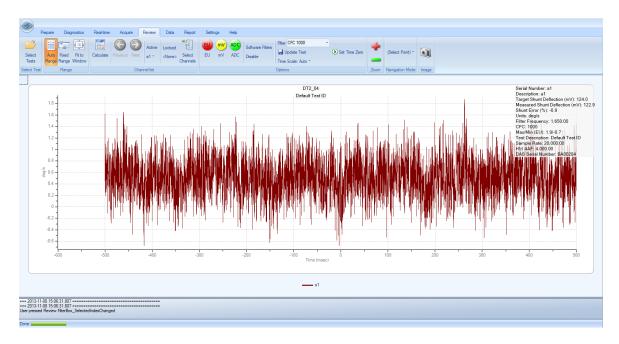
3.4.6 Auto-Export

Controls whether data is automatically exported (and the format) after downloading.

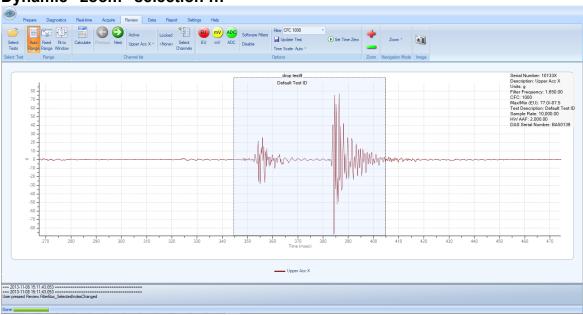
3.5 Review Tab



This tab displays collected data. Previously downloaded tests can be viewed and examined on a per-channel basis.



Dynamic "zoom" selection ...



3.6 Data Tab

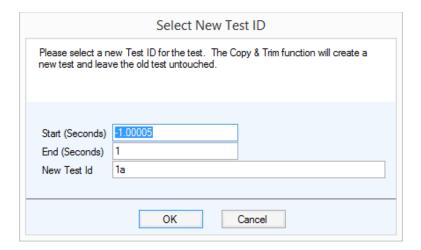


This tab provides export options for collected data. Export options include CSV, TDM, ISO MME, DIAdem (DAT), SoMat and TDAS formats.



3.6.1 Copy & Trim

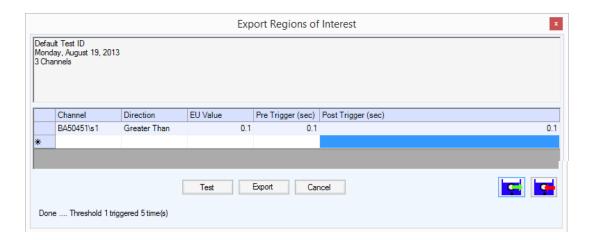
Creates a new test record by first copying another test's data and then trimming it to a user specified length. Time 0 is the trigger sample (if not present, then when data collection started).



3.6.2 Threshold ROI

Allows the creation of a number of new data sets using existing test data and user specified threshold settings. For a trigger to be detected the values must cross from not trigger to triggered and stay triggered for at least 5 samples.

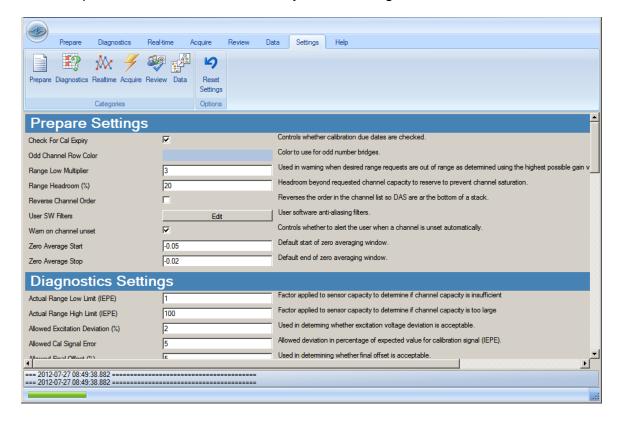
- Channel specifies the channel to examine.
- Pre-Trigger (sec) specifies the amount of time to carry over before the trigger when a new test is created for any triggers detected.
- Post-Trigger (sec) specifies the amount of time to carry over after the trigger when a new test is created for any triggers detected.
- Test will scan through the data looking for triggers.
- Export will export the new tests if any triggers are detected.



3.7 Settings Tab



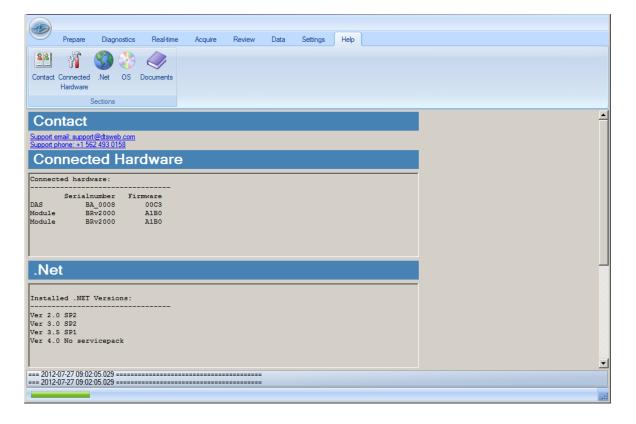
This tab provides an interface to modify basic settings related to each tab.



3.8 Help Tab



This tab provides information about contacting technical support, connected hardware, the computer operating system that SLICEWare is currently running on, and links DTS software and hardware manuals.



Appendix A: SLICEWare XML File Format

Overview

The .DTS file is an XML based file that contains information about the overall test and the individual channels. Some of the information may be redundant with information stored in the binary channel header.

The attributes and relationships of each XML node are described below.

XML Structure

<Test>

The Test tag is the outer most tag. It contains the following attributes and describes details common to the entire test.

Name	Data Type	Description
ld	String	The name of the test, typically the same as the .DTS file name
Description	String	The description of the test provided by the user
InlineSerializedData	Boolean	
Guid	Windows UUID string	A unique identifier assigned to each event
FaultFlags	Integer (UInt16)	16-bit bit array Bit 0: Incoming status line dropped Bit 1: ADC Buffer Overrun Bit 2: Flash CRC Error Bit 3: Trigger before start Bit 4: Input voltage low Bit 5: Input voltage high Bit 6: Back-up voltage low Bit 7: Back-up voltage high Bit 8-15: Unused

<Modules>

Within the Test node will be a list of modules contained within a <Modules></Modules> tag. A module corresponds to a data acquisition system—for example, an entire Stack. Each module will have its own <Module> tag with the following attributes:

Name	Data Type	Description
AaFilterRateHz	Integer	The name cut off frequency of the hardware anti-alias filter used during the test
Number	Integer	A sequential number assigned to each module within the test
SerialNumber	String	The factory assigned serial number of the Base
NumberOfSamples	Integer	The number of samples stored in each channel file. This will be fewer than the number of samples originally requested by the user if the data has been subsampled or if only a portion of the data was downloaded.
UnsubsampledNumberOfSamples	Integer	The total number of samples collected during data acquisition
PostTriggerSeconds	Double	The number of seconds of recorded data that the user requested after T=0
PreTriggerSeconds	Double	The number of seconds of recorded data that the user requested before T=0
RecordingMode	String	Either the value RecorderMode or CircularBuffer. Other values will be added in the future.
SampleRateHz	Integer	The rate at which sampling occurred during data collection
StartRecordSampleNumber	Integer	The sample number at which the start signal was first detected. The value will always be 0 when RecordingMode=CircularBuffer.
NumberOfChannels	Integer	The number of user configured channels within the module
InlineSerializedData	Boolean	

<TriggerSampleNumbers>

This is a list (possibly 0 length) of trigger sample numbers. In the Circular Buffer case, there will be one trigger sample number. In Recorder mode, the trigger is optional. In the case of multiple event mode, there may be more than one trigger sample number.

<Channels>

The Channels tag contains a list of channel elements. It should have the same number of entries as NumberOfChannels in the Module tag. The type of the child elements will depend on the type of signal conditioning SLICE used.

<AnalogInputChanel>

The AnalogInputChanel tag corresponds to a Bridge SLICE channel. (Note: There is a typo in the tag name and "Chanel" is misspelled. It has been retained for backward

compatibility.) Many of the attributes indicate how the channel was configured during the test. The AnalogInputChanel element has the following properties:

Name	Data Type	Description
ChannelType	String	This identifies the representation of the data contained in the .BIN file. Currently this value is always expected to be DTS.Serialization.Test+Module+AnalogInputChannel.
Number	Integer	The channel number within the signal conditioning unit. In a Bridge SLICE, channels are numbered 0–2.
Start	Date	Currently unused
Bridge	String	Either FullBridge or HalfBridge
BridgeResistanceOhms	Integer	The specified bridge resistance used during the shunt check
ChannelDescriptionString	String	The user provided description for the channel
Description	String	The user provided description for the sensor; currently the same as ChannelDescriptionString
DesiredRange	Integer	The user requested full scale
Sensitivity	Double	The sensitivity of the sensor in either mv/V/EU or mv/EU depending on ProportionalToExcitation
SoftwareFilter	String	The requested filtering to apply to this channel. Stored data is unfiltered, and this value must be used to apply proper filtering. Typical values are "1650hz" for CFC1000.
ProportionalToExcitation	Boolean	Indicates if the output of this sensor is proportional to excitation. Used in conjunction with Sensitivity.
IsInverted	Boolean	(Optional) Indicates if the data should be inverted before presenting to the user. If missing, this attribute is considered 'false'.
IsSubsampled	Boolean	(Optional) Indicates if the data stored on disk is at a lower sample rate than the original data collection. If missing, this attribute is considered 'false'.
Eu	String	The user provided Engineering Units (EU) (e.g., mm, g, or msec2)
SerialNumber	String	The serial number of the sensor used with this channel
CalSignalEnabled	Boolean	Applies to IEPE SLICE only.
ShuntEnabled	Boolean	For Bridge SLICE only. Indicates if the user requested the channel be shunted during diagnostics.
RemoveOffset	Boolean	Indicates if the user requested hardware offset compensation be used during diagnostics

Name	Data Type	Description
ZeroMethod	String	Identifies the type of software offset compensation that should be used. If the value is "UsePreCalZero," then the Pre-Calibration zero value stored in the channel file should be used. If the value is "AverageOverTime," then an average value computed from the channel data should be used.
ZeroAverageWindowBegin	Double	If ZeroMethod=AverageOverTime, this is the beginning of the window to be used for computing the average
ZeroAverageWindowEnd	Double	If ZeroMethod=AverageOverTime, this is the end of the window to be used for computing the average
InitialEu	Double	A value provided by the user that should be subtracted from all scaled data in addition to the selected ZeroMethod
UnsubsampledSampleRateHz	Integer	The sampling rate used during data collection. Valid only if IsSubsampled=true.
MeasuredShuntDeflectionMv	Double	(Optional) If a shunt test was performed, the actual deflection of the shunt
TargetShuntDeflectionMv	Double	(Optional) If a shunt test was performed, the expected shunt deflection
MeasuredExcitationVoltage	Double	(Optional) The measured excitation voltage, if available. Used by SLICEWare for scaling proportional-to-excitation sensor data if "factory" excitation voltage is not available.
FactoryExcitationVoltage	Double	(Optional) The factory excitation voltage, if available. Used by SLICEWare for scaling proportional-to-excitation sensor data.
TimeOfFirstSample	Double	The time relative to T=0 of the first sample

Appendix B: SLICEWare Binary File Format

Bin File Header Version 4 (SLICEWare versions 1.06 and higher)

Offset	# of bytes	Data Type	Description
0	4	UInt32	Magic key to identify file: 0x2C36351F
4	4	UInt32	Version number of this file header (currently 4)
8	8	UInt64	Offset (in bytes) from start of file to where data samples start
16	8	UInt64	Number of samples in this file
24	4	UInt32	Number of bits per sample
28	4	UInt32	0 = Unsigned samples, 1 = signed samples
32	8	Double	Sample rate
40	2	UInt16	Number of triggers. May be 0
42	N = Number of triggers * 8	UInt64	Trigger sample number
N + 42	4	Int32	Pre-Test zero level (in counts)
N + 46	4	Int32	Removed ADC (in counts)
N + 50	4	Int32	Pre-Test Diagnostics Level (in counts)
N + 54	8	Double	Pre-Test Noise (Percentage of Full Scale)
N + 62	4	Int32	Post-Test Zero Level (in counts)
N + 66	4	Int32	Post-Test Diagnostics Level (in counts)
N + 70	4	Int32	Data Zero Level (in counts)
N + 74	8	Double	Scale Factor mV (mV/Count)
N + 82	8	Double	Scale factor EU (mV/EU or mV/V/EU)
N + 90	2	Int16	EU field length (with terminator)
N + 92	X = Length of EU field	Char	Engineering units (without NULL termination)
N + 92 + X	8	Double	Excitation
N + 100 + X	4	Int32	Trigger Adjustment Samples (reserved)

Offset	# of bytes	Data Type	Description
N + 104 + X	4	Int32	Zero mV (in counts)
N + 108 + X	4	Int32	Window Average (in counts)
N + 112 + X	4	Int32	Original offset (in counts)
N + 116 + X	16	Char []	ISO Code
N + 132 + X	4	Int32	CRC16 for binary header information from byte 0 to (N + 132 + X - 1)
N + X + 136 64bit (ulong) offset found in 3rd file field	Size of Sample Data	16-, 24-, or 32-bit depending on "Number of bits per sample"	DATA SAMPLES START HERE

Bin File Header Version 1 (SLICEWare versions prior to 1.06)

Offset	# of bytes	Data Type	Description
0	4	UInt32	Magic key to identify file: 0x2C36351F
4	4	UInt32	Version number of this file header (currently 1)
8	8	UInt64	Offset (in bytes) from start of file to where data samples begin
16	8	UInt64	Number of samples in this file
24	4	UInt32	Number of bits per sample
28	4	UInt32	0 = Unsigned samples, 1 = signed samples
32	8	Double	Sample rate
40	2	UInt16	Number of triggers. May be 0.
42	N = Number of triggers * 8	UInt64	Trigger sample number
N + 42	4	Int32	Pre-test zero level (in counts)
N + 46	4	Int32	Pre-test Cal level (in counts)
N + 50	8	Double	Pre-test noise as a percent of FS
N + 58	4	Int32	Post-test zero level (in counts)
N + 62	4	Int32	Post-test cal level (in counts)
N + 66	4	Int32	Data-Zero level (in counts)
N + 70	8	Double	Scale factor MV (mV/Count)
N + 78	8	Double	Scale factor EU mV/EU (non-proportional); mV/V/EU (proportional)

Offset	# of bytes	Data Type	Description
N + 86	2	UInt16	Number of bytes in engineering unit field + 1
N + 88	X = Length of EU field	Array/string	Engineering unit (without NULL termination)
N + X + 88	16	Char	16 character ISO code
N + X + 104	4	UInt32	CRC16 for binary header information from byte 0 to (N + X + 104 - 1)
N + X + 108 64bit (ulong) offset found in 3rd file field	Size of Sample Data	16-, 24-, or 32-bit depending on "Number of bits per sample"	DATA SAMPLES START HERE

Example File

Shown below is an example view of a .CHN file in HEXADECIMAL notation. The byte numbers are along the left side of the viewer. Boxed in white is first the DATA start offset and it can be seen that starting at the byte specified in this offset is the actual sample data. Note that it is prefaced by trailing "00" from the previous value and from then on, all sample data is consistently non-zero.

```
иииииией:
00000008h
```

Additional Information

Note that the file is 'little-endian'—that is the values are serialized into the file LSB first. This is not important but should be considered if changes are to be made to the serialization procedure. It must only be consistent between read and write operations. The .NET serialization utilities currently used in SLICEWare have defaulted to this because the x86 processor architecture is 'little-endian'.

Take the data offset for example. The 8 bytes read E2 00 00 00 00 00 00 00, but this does not mean the data starts at byte $\#1.62850163 \times 10e19$. E2 is the LSB, so the offset is 00 00 00 00 00 00 E2, or byte #226d.

Appendix C: SLICEWare Settings

The information below describes SLICEWare settings, including their default settings. These settings can be used to change how SLICEWare operates.

Settings Structure

Settings are divided into 2 areas: User and Application. User settings can be changed at runtime while Application settings must be changed before the application is run. The file *SLICEWare.exe.config* contains the default values for all settings for all users. Individual PC users may change their user settings (using the SLICEWare settings UI) and these changes are stored in user-specific configuration files.

General Settings

SensorDBFolder	Default Value		
Selisor Deroider	Area	Application	
Location of Sensor setup files. Typically in the same folder as application.			

CreateSensorDBlfEmpty	Default Value	True	
CreateSensorDenEmpty	Area	Application	
Whether to create the sensor database if not present or empty.			

LogFiloFoldor	Default Value	
LogFileFolder	Area	Application
Location of log files.		

LagEilaNama	Default Value	SLICEWare.log
LogFileName	Area	Application
Name of the main SLICEWare log file.		

SliceControlGetConfigWaitMilliSeconds	Default Value	20000
SinceControlGetConfigWattwilliSeconds	Area	Application
Controls the timeout when retrieving configuration from a SLICE device. The Prepare form and		
Acquire forms both will query the device configuration.		

SliceControlSystemIsArmedStatusCheck	Default Value	60000
MilliSeconds	Area	Application
Time to wait in milliseconds when checking system ARM status before giving up. ARM status is checked in multiple places, such as when a device connects		

SliceDBHostNameOrlPAddress	Default Value	
SilcedenostivallieoriFAddress	Area	Application
IP addresses or host names of Slice Distributors (SliceDB) to connect to.		

TDASControlFolder	Default Value	NONE
1 DASCOILI OIFOIDEI	Area	Application

Controls whether TDAS integration features show up in the UI. To enable TDC integration features, change the value to a folder location or leave blank if TDC is installed on the machine (SLICEWare can find the installation).

MaximumLogFileSizeBytes	Default Value	1000000
MaximumLogrileSizeByteS	Area	Application

Controls the maximum size of the log file. After the size is achieved, the file is rolled over and a new file is started.

MaxDropdownItems	Default Value	25
waxDropdowniteins	Area	Application

Controls how many items are allowed in dropdowns, such as when viewing tests and channels. Any items beyond that number can be accessed using a scrollbar. This feature allows controlling the size of dropdowns and can prevent off-screen scroll.

LastUsedSampleRate	Default Value	0
LastoseuSampiekate	Area	Application

SLICEWare uses the last sample rate in several places, in diagnostics for the diagnostic sample rate if possible, for warning on software filter settings, and the default acquire sample rate. This field is updated during tests.

AboutEmailAddress	Default Value	
AboutemanAddress	Area	User

Used during technical support e-mails to DTS. The e-mail form has an entry for e-mail address and SLICEWare stores the last used e-mail address.

Prepare Settings

SetConfigTimeout	Default Value	60000
SetConfigTimeout	Area	Application
Delay is use to weit for actions to be applied before concelling. This applies when ever actions		

Delay in ms to wait for settings to be applied before canceling. This applies whenever settings are applied to DAS in the Prepare tab.

ConfigurationRangeHeadroomPercent	Default Value	20
ConfigurationRangeneauroomFercent	Area	Application

To prevent channel saturation, the Data Acquisition System (DAS) maintains headroom beyond the sensor capacity. This is the scaling factor in percent of the desired range which the DAS will try to reserve.

Configuration Bangal au Multipliar	Default Value	3
ConfigurationRangeLowMultiplier	Area	Application

The Prepare tab will warn when Desired Range requests are out of range. It calculates this by applying the ConfigurationRangeLowMultiplier against the desired range and comparing it to the highest possible gain value.

UnCalibrationDatedModuleDefaultCalDate	Default Value	1/5/2010
	Area	Application
For modules with no calibration date, treat their calibration date as this.		

PrepareDefaultZeroAverageStart	Default Value	05
	Area	Application
Initial value for the start of the zero averaging window. Relative to T0.		

PrepareDefaultZeroAverageStop	Default Value	02
	Area	Application
Initial value for the end of the zero averaging window. Relative to T0.		

CheckForCalExpiry	Default Value	True
	Area	Application
Controls whether calibration due dates are checked in the Prepare tab.		

UserSWFilters	Default Value	
	Area	User
Contains user defined SW filters.		

Diagnostic Settings

AllowedExcitationDeviationInPercent	Default Value	2
	Area	Application
Determines pass or fail for excitation in the Diagnostics tab.		

AllowedShuntErrorInPercent	Default Value	5
AllowedShuffErformFercent	Area	Application
Determines pass or fail for shunt in Diagnostics tab.		

AllowedNoiseInPercent	Default Value	5
Allowedinoisempercent	Area	Application
Determines whether a channel's noise level is acceptable or not.		

AllowedFinalOffsetPercent	Default Value	5
	Area	Application
Determines whether a channel's final offset is acceptable or not.		

DiagnosticsSampleRateHz	Default Value	10000
DiagnosticsSampleNatenz	Area	Application

When running diagnostics, usually the last used sample rate is used for diagnostics. If the last used sample rate is 0, then it will try this value. If both values are unacceptable, the nearest acceptable sample rate is used.

DiagnosticsInputVoltageLow	Default Value	7
DiagnosticsinputvoitageLow	Area	Application
Used to determine when the input voltage for a stack is insufficient for data acquisition.		

DiagnosticsInputVoltageHigh	Default Value	15
Diagnosticsinputvoitagenign	Area	Application
Used to determine when the input voltage for a stack is too high for proper operation.		

ActualRangeLowLimit	Default Value	.9
	Area	Application
This factor is used in determining whether there is sufficient range or not after gain to achieve the desire range.		

ActualPangoHighLimit	Default Value	2
ActualRangeHighLimit	Area	Application

This factor is used in determining whether there is too much range for a channel. Actual range being too high is just a warning that much of the DAS range at the current sensitivity and requested range will be unused.

Realtime Settings

RealtimeChartWidthInSeconds	Default Value	2
Realtime Chartwidthin Seconds	Area	Application
The width of the Realtime chart in seconds.		

RealtimeNumberOfZeroSamples	Default Value	5
RealtiffierfulfiberOfZerOSaffipleS	Area	Application
The number of samples to used for zeroing.		

Pooltime Average Denth	Default Value	20
RealtimeAverageDepth	Area	Application

The Realtime form contains a display of the real time value. This value is an average calculated over a number of samples. This setting controls how many samples are used to compute the average.

RealtimeDoAutoZero	Default Value	False
RealtiffeDoAutoZero	Area	Application
Controls whether a channel should AutoZero in Realtime form on activation.		

RTChan1Color	Default Value	Black
RTCHarricolor	Area	Application
The color for the first channel in Realtime or data review.		

RTChan2Color	Default Value	Maroon
R I Chanz Color	Area	Application
The color for the second channel in Realtime or data review.		

RTChan3Color	Default Value	Green
R I Changeoloi	Area	Application
The color for the third channel in Realtime or data review.		

RTChan4Color	Default Value	OrangeRed
R I Chan4Color	Area	Application
The color for the fourth channel in Realtime or data review.		

RTChan5Color	Default Value	Blue
RTCHangColor	Area	Application
The color for the fifth channel in Realtime or data review.		

RTChan6Color	Default Value	Purple
R I Chanocoloi	Area	Application
The color for the sixth channel in Realtime or data review.		

RealtimeLineWidth	Default Value	2
Realtiffecifiewidth	Area	Application
Controls the thickness of data lines in the Realtime graph.		

RealtimeMilliSecondsBetweenSamples	Default Value	0
Realtimeminisecondsbetweensamples	Area	Application
Controls the time between retrieving sample	s during Realtime. C	n slow systems, increasing
this may lead to more responsiveness.		

RealtimeSampleRateDesired	Default Value	500
RealtiffeSampleRateDesfied	Area	Application
Controls the sample rate which will be attempted for Realtime. Depending on the hardware		
capabilities, the desired sample rate might not be possible, but if possible this rate will be used.		

AllowMultipleSampleRealtime	Default Value	True
AllowinditipleSampleRealtime	Area	Application

H8 and later firmware contains optimized Realtime code that collects data and reports it back in larger packets of samples. The software turns off multiple sample Realtime if the hardware is not capable of multiple sample Realtime, or if the unit is on a Slice Distributor (SliceDB). When there is too much latency in data collection and reporting the graph may not look as good with multiple sample Realtime, this feature allows turning off the mode manually as well.

RealtimeDefaultPercentFullScale	Default Value	10
RealtiffeDefaultFefCefftFullScale	Area	Application

This feature allows control over the default percentage of full scale zoom used in the Realtime chart. Most often this would be used to display only a fraction of the total sensor capacity so that a low G roll or a simple polarity check will show up more easily in the window.

Acquire Settings

ArmStatusMonitoringDelayMilliSeconds	Default Value	100
AmstatuswomtoringDelaywiiiiSeconus	Area	Application

While monitoring units, SLICEWare polls the arm status of all units. This delay is the amount time between polls. A higher value may reduce the business of the system but decrease the speed at which the UI shows changes in arm status, while a lower value may decrease display time but increase workload on the system.

ArmStatusPreTriggerProgressColor	Default Value	Green
AmistatusFremiggerFrogressColor	Area	Application
The color of a progress bar while in pre trigger.		

DefaultDownloadDirectory	Default Value	.\Data\
DefaultDownloadDirectory	Area	Application
After a data acquisition session, the raw SLICE data is downloaded to this directory.		

AcquireSleepBeforeFaultMilliSeconds	Default Value	1000
Acquiresieepbeiorerauttwiiiiseconus	Area	Application

This setting controls the delay before enabling fault checking. This delay allows time for the units to complete the arming process before monitoring the status line. This feature is only used when there are multiple units in a test and requires that the units have a common status line for monitoring.

ArmChaakEarDataTimaautMilliSaaanda	Default Value	60000
ArmCheckForDataTimeoutMilliSeconds	Area	Application
Time in ms when checking for data in the Acquire tab before giving up.		

AcquireRequireDiagnosticsBeforeArm	Default Value	True
AcquireRequireDiagnosticsBetoreAnni	Area	Application
Requires that diagnostics are run before acquisition is allowed to continue. Diagnostics is		
essential for determining calibration and offsets and can warn of possible sensor issues.		

DisarmWaitForMonitorStopMilliSeconds	Default Value	2000
	Area	Application

During disarm, the time in ms to wait for monitoring to stop before giving up.

DownloadRoiBeginSeconds	Default Value	5
Downloaukoibeginseconus	Area	Application

Controls the ROI begin seconds for ROI downloads when SLICEWare starts. The UI allows changing the ROI beginning but doesn't store the changes, so this is the starting value when SLICEWare restarts.

DownloadRoiEndSeconds	Default Value	0.5
DownloadKolEndSecolidS	Area	Application

Controls the ROI end seconds for ROI downloads when SLICEWare starts. The UI allows changing the ROI end time but doesn't store the changes, so this is the starting value when SLICEWare starts.

ArmBragrossharSynaBaraant	Default Value	20
ArmProgressbarSyncPercent	Area	Application

This setting is used for manipulation of the progress bar when calculating progress for a DAS unit.

SampleRates	Default Value	2500, 5000, 10000, 25000, 50000, 100000
	Area	Application
Controls the sample rates displayed in the Acquire tab.		

SampleRateAAFilterExceptions	Default Value	10000@2000
SampleNateAAFiitelExceptions	Area	Application

SampleRateAAFilterRatio determines the default AA filter ratio given a sample rate. This setting allows for exceptions to that policy. In the default state, at 10000 sps the AA filter rate is 2000 Hz. This applies to the Hardware AA Filter rate.

SampleRateAAFilterRatio	Default Value	5
SampleNateAAFilterNatio	Area	Application

Determines the default hardware AA filter rate. The default value would cause a 2 kHz filter rate on an acquisition at 10 kHz.

AcquireStartBooordWaitEorStartMilliSooonds	Default Value	60000
AcquireStartRecordWaitForStartMilliSeconds	Area	Application

Time to wait in ms after a start recording command is sent by the software to the Base and the Base responds before giving up.

A aguiraTriagarWaitEarTriagarMilliSacanda	Default Value	60000
AcquireTriggerWaitForTriggerMilliSeconds	Area	Application
Time to wait in ms after a trigger command is sent by the software to the Base and the Base		

Time to wait in ms after a trigger command is sent by the software to the Base and the Base responds before giving up.

AcquireDownloadAfterTest	Default Value	True
AcquireDownloadArterrest	Area	Application

This setting controls whether to automatically download data after an acquisition. For most cases, this is probably good, however some tests are substantially longer and may not have trigger points.

AcquireAutomaticallyReviewDataAfterDownload	Default Value	True
AcquireAutomaticallyNeviewDataArterDownload	Area	Application

This setting controls whether to switch to the Review tab after downloading data. The review functions in SLICEWare do have a maximum data limit they can display. For planned long tests, it might not make sense to change to the Review tab. Sometimes it is preferred to stay on the Acquire tab.

DownloadRoiSegmentLengthSeconds	Default Value	0.5
	Area	Application
Defines the default Range Of Interest (ROI) segment length for segmented downloads.		

DownloadRoiSegmentPadPercentage	Default Value	1
	Area	Application
The default amount of padding to Range Of Interest (ROI) downloads.		

AcquireAutomaticDownloadUsesROI	Default Value	True
AcquireAutomaticDownloadosesKOI	Area	Application
Controls whether the automatic download will use Region of Interest (ROI) or full data downloading.		

ArmStatusProgressNoRecordColor	Default Value	White
AmistatusFrogressNoRecordColor	Area	Application
Default color for progress bar for a DAS in Acquire tab.		

ArmStatusPostTriggerProgressColor	Default Value	Green
	Area	Application
Default color for progress bar for a DAS in Acquire tab after triggering.		

AcquireDisarmOnError	Default Value	True
	Area	Application
Will try to disarm units on an arming error.		

AcquireParameterFileFolder	Default Value	.\APF
Acquirerarameterrheroider	Area	User
Controls the default location form parameter files.		

WarnUserBeforeOverwritingPreviously	Default Value	True
DownloadedFiles	Area	User
Controls whether to warn the user before downloading and overwriting existing test files.		

Review Settings

UselSOCodesInReview	Default Value	False
UselsOcodesifikeview	Area	Application
Controls whether ISO codes for the active channel are displayed in the overlay.		

	UseShuntDeflectionInReview	Default Value	True
		Area	Application
Controls whether Shunt results for the active channel are displayed in the overlay.			

ShowChannelAttributesInReview	Default Value	True
ShowChannerAttributeSinReview	Area	Application
Controls whether Channel attributes for the active channel are displayed in the overlay.		

ShowModuleAttributesInReview	Default Value	True
ShowmoduleAttributeShrkeview	Area	Application
Controls whether Module attributes for the active channel are displayed in the overlay.		

MaximumVisualizationBytesPerSample	Default Value	153
maximumvisualization bytes rei Sample	Area	Application

The Review tab contains logic to limit the amount of data loaded to prevent addressing errors. This setting is a factor in the amount of space needed per sample for displaying data. This setting should not ordinarily need to be changed.

ViewerTimeScalingMode	Default Value	Automatic
viewei i iiileocaiiiigiwode	Area	User
Controls the default time scale for the Review tab. May be Seconds, Milliseconds, or Automatic.		

ChartNavigationMode	Default Value	Zoom
	Area	User
Controls the default navigation mode in the Review tab. Options are GrabAndPan, SelectPoint, and Zoom.		

Data Settings

DefaultExportDirectory	Default Value	.\Data\
Deraulicxportbirectory	Area	Application
The root where data is exported to. Most export options also allow selecting a destination for the export.		

DataExportDefaultCSVEncoding	Default Value	1200
	Area	Application

The default code page used in export to CSV. By default, the code page is Unicode. Excel will import using a machine defined code page, so to facilitate easier importing into Excel SLICEWare allows changing the export code page.

DataDiademUselsoCode200	Default Value	True
	Area	Application

The default behavior in SLICEWare is to treat DIAdem field 200 as "Channel Description", however it can be changed to output ISOCode instead.

CSVExportChannelFiltering	Default Value	Unfiltered
CSVEXPORTIONALINEIFILIERING	Area	User
Default CSV filtering mode. SLICEWare will update this value on CSV exports to the last used		

Default CSV filtering mode. SLICEWare will update this value on CSV exports to the last used option.

CSVExportAppendFiltertingStatusToFilename	Default Value	True
CSVEXPORTAPPERIORITIES LINGUISTOFII EN AINE	Area	User
Controls whether to append the filtering status to CSV exports or not.		



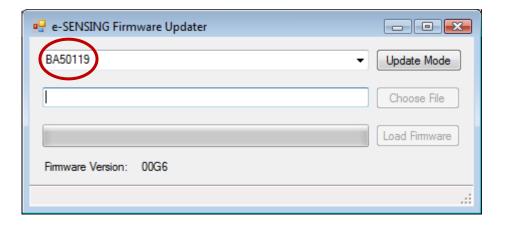


To update the SLICE MICRO™ or SLICE NANO™ Base firmware, you need:

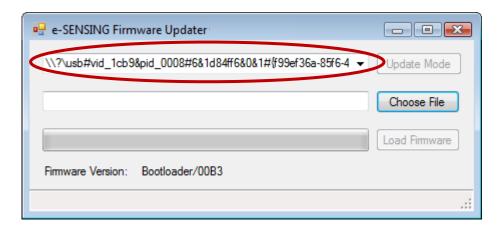
- 1. Hardware: SLICE USB cable or SLICE SSI Cable Kit.
- **2. Software:** ZIP file extracted on your PC. (This is typically provided by Technical Support via an attachment or web link.) The ZIP file contains the SLICE Firmware Updater program (eSENSING_FirmwareUpdater.exe) and required support files.
- 3. Firmware: Firmware version (*.sfw) you want to install.

4. Procedure:

- 1. With PC on, connect the SLICE Base to the PC via USB. Power-up the SLICE Base.
- 2. Start the SLICE Firmware Updater (eSENSING_FirmwareUpdater.exe). The screen will show the serial number of the connected Base:

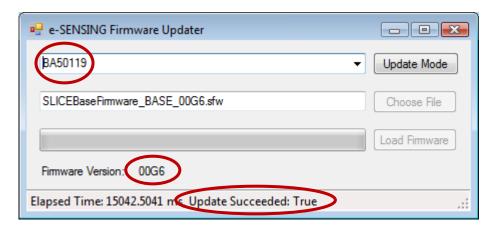


3. Press Update Mode . The SLICE LEDs will flash. SLICE will disconnect, then reconnect. The internal ID of the SLICE Base will be shown:



If this does not happen after 30 seconds, close then reopen the Firmware Updater program.

- 4. Press Choose File . Select the file (*.sfw) you want to use for update.
- 5. Press Load Firmware. The progress bar will show the progress of the firmware update. When the update is complete, the SLICE Base will reboot.
- 6. After reboot, the serial number and new firmware version will be shown. The status bar will indicate that the firmware update was successful.



Revision History

Date	Ву	Description
18 April 2017	EK	Removed reference to LabVIEW. Added SLICE Settings appendix. (Rev 6)
23 May 2016	EK	Added support for Windows 10. (Rev 5)
25 Feb 2016	EK	Updated the Binary File (Appendix B) description for CRC32. (Rev 4)
5 Feb 2015	EK	Removed support for Windows XP. (Rev 3)
2 Feb 2015	EK	Added sections on XML files (1.3), Level Trigger (2.3 and 3.1.8) and Sampling Rates (2.5). Revised sections 2.1.3, 2.1.4, 2.2 and 2.4 (supported hardware). Revised boilerplate material. (Rev 2)
26 Mar 2014	DM/EK	Expanded section 1.2. Section 2 extensively revised. (Rev 1)
8 April 2013	EK	Copied 10920-03002-MAN rev 5 as initial release. (Rev 0)